

# An Effective Speedup Metric Considering I/O Constraint in Large-scale Parallel Computer Systems

Guilin Cai\*, Wei Hu\*, Guangming Liu\*, Qiong Li\*, Xiaofeng Wang\*, Wenrui Dong\*

\*College of Computer, National University of Defense Technology, Changsha, China

\*\*National Supercomputer Center in Tianjin, Tianjin, China

cc\_cai@163.com, { huwei, liugm}@nscc-tj.gov.cn, qiong\_joan\_li@yahoo.com.cn, xf\_wang@nudt.edu.cn,  
dongwr@nscc-tj.gov.cn

**Abstract**—With supercomputer system scaling up, the performance gap between compute and storage system increases dramatically. The traditional speedup only measures the performance of compute system. In this paper, we firstly propose the speedup metric taking into account the I/O constraint. The new metric unifies the computing and I/O performance, and evaluates practical speedup of parallel application under the limitation of I/O system. Furthermore, this paper classifies and analyzes existing parallel systems according to the proposed speedup metric, and makes suggestions on system design and application optimization. Based on the storage speedup, we also generalize these results into a general storage speedup by considering not only speedup but also costup. Finally, we provide the analysis of these new speedup metrics by case studies. The storage speedup reflects the degree of parallel application scalability affected by performance of storage system. The results indicate that the proposed speedups for parallel applications are effective metrics.

**Keyword**—storage speedup, general storage speedup, scalability, system classification

  
**Guilin Cai** is a doctor student in the College of Computer at National University of Defense Technology in China. She received the B.S. and M.S. degrees in computer science from National University of Defense Technology in 2005 and 2010, respectively. Her main research interests include high performance computing, cyber security and proactive defense.



  
**Wei Hu** received the B.S. degree from PLA University of Science and Technology, China, in 2004, and the M.S. degree from National University of Defense Technology, China, in 2010. He currently pursues the Ph.D. degree in the College of Computer, National University of Defense Technology, Changsha, China. His research interests include high performance computing and machine learning.



  
**Guangming Liu** received the B.S. and M.S. degrees from National University of Defense Technology, China, in 1980 and 1986 respectively. He is now a professor in the College of Computer, National University of Defense Technology. His research interests include high performance computing, massive storage and cloud computing.



  
**Qiong Li** received the B.S., M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from National University of Defense Technology, China, in 1993, 1996 and 2010, respectively. She is now a professor in the College of Computer, National University of Defense Technology. Her research interests include high performance computing and massive storage.



**Xiaofeng Wang** has been working as an assistant professor in the College of Computer at National University of Defense Technology in China. He received the B.S., M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in computer science from National University of Defense Technology in 2004, 2006 and 2009 respectively. His research interests include trustworthy networks and systems, applied cryptography, network security.



**Wenrui Dong** received the B.S. and M.S. degrees from National University of Defense Technology, China, in 2009 and 2011, respectively. He currently pursues the Ph.D. degree in the College of Computer, National University of Defense Technology. His research interests include high performance computing and massive storage.

